

SM3 10.2: Geometric Sequences

Memorize: General Rule: $a_n = a_1 \cdot r^{n-1}$ Recursive Rule: $a_n = r \cdot a_{n-1}$ Vocab: a : a sequence of numbers n : the number of terms in a sequence a a_1 : the first term of a sequence a a_n : the n^{th} term of sequence a r : the common ratio of a sequence a ; multiply by r to get from any term to the next term; divide by r to get from any term to the previous term.Let $a = 2, 8, 32, \dots$. Evaluate the following:

1) $a_1 = 2$

2) $a_3 = 32$

3) $a_5 = 512$

4) $a_8 = 32768$

5) $n = \infty$

6) $r = 4$

Let $b = \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{9}, \frac{1}{27}, -\frac{1}{81}, \dots$. Evaluate the following:

7) $b_1 = \frac{1}{3}$

8) $b_3 = \frac{1}{27}$

9) $b_5 = \frac{1}{243}$

10) $b_{12} = -\frac{1}{531441}$

11) $n = \infty$

12) $r = -\frac{1}{3}$

Let $c = \frac{5}{8}, \frac{5}{4}, \dots, 80$. Evaluate the following:

13) $c_1 = \frac{5}{8}$

14) $c_3 = \frac{5}{2}$

15) $c_5 = 10$

16) $c_7 = 40$

17) $n = 8$

18) $r = 2$

For problems 19-28, write the explicit formula for the sequence $a_n = a_1 \cdot r^{n-1}$ and find the indicated term.

19) $h = 2, 8, 32, 128, \dots$

$$h_n = 2(4)^{n-1}$$

$$h_{10} = 524288$$

20) $k = 0.5, 1, 2, 4, \dots$

$$k_n = 0.5(2)^{n-1}$$

$$k_{11} = 512$$

21) $m = -\frac{27}{4}, \frac{9}{2}, -3, 2, \dots$

$$m_n = -\frac{27}{4} \left(-\frac{2}{3}\right)^{n-1}$$

$$m_{10} = \frac{128}{729}$$

22) $p = -0.5, -2, -8, -32, \dots$

$$p_n = -0.5(4)^{n-1}$$

$$p_9 = -32768$$

23) $q = 4, 2, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \dots$

$$q_n = 4 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1}$$

$$q_{10} = \frac{1}{128}$$

24) $s = -1, 5, -25, 125, \dots$

$$s_n = -(-5)^{n-1}$$

$$s_{10} = 1953125$$

25) $t = 1, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{9}, \frac{1}{27}, \dots$

$$t_n = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{n-1}$$

$$t_{11} = \frac{1}{59049}$$

26) $u = 2, 10, 50, 250, \dots$

$$u_n = 2(5)^{n-1}$$

$$u_9 = 781250$$

27) $v = -\frac{3}{2}, 1, -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{9}, \dots$

$$v_n = -\frac{3}{2} \left(-\frac{2}{3}\right)^{n-1}$$

$$v_{12} = \frac{1024}{59049}$$

28) $w = 0.25, -1, 4, -16, \dots$

$$w_n = 0.25(-4)^{n-1}$$

$$w_{11} = 262144$$

William deposits \$5 into a savings account that has a 2% annual compound interest rate. Let c represent the amount of money in the account during the n^{th} year that the account is open.

29) Is c a geometric sequence? Justify your response.

Yes; there is a common ratio between terms.

30) $c_1 = 5$

31) $r = 1.02$

32) How much money does William have after 5 years have passed? \$5.41

33) How much money does William have after 25 years have passed? \$8.04

A group of 500 students begin their mathematical career that will consist of SM1, SM2, SM3, Calc, and Stats. Each year, 10% of the students fail to complete the course. Let sequence w represent the number of students still in contention for having never failed a course where w_n represents number of students in the n^{th} class of the path listed above. If a fraction of a student fails the course, round up and have the whole student fail the course (we can't very well fail your arms but pass your legs, can we?).

34) Is w a geometric sequence? Justify your response.

Yes; there is a common ratio between terms.

35) $w_1 = 500$

36) $r = 0.9$

37) Write sequence w : 500, 450, 405, 364, 328

38) What percent of the initial group of students pass Stats? 65.61%

39) If there are 5 courses that could be failed, and we lose 10% of the 500 students each year, why are there not 250 students passing Stats?

10% of the previous year's students fail; this is not the same as 10% of the starting student population.

To help his students learn to persevere in tough testing environments, Mr. Wytiaz turns off the heat to the classroom during a unit test. The room begins at 70°F, but the temperature falls by 3% every minute! Let t represent the temperature in the room after n minutes have passed, rounded to the nearest tenth.

40) $t_1 = 70$

41) $t_2 = 67.9$

42) $t_5 = 62$

43) $r = 0.97$

44) When will the room reach a temperature of 50°F? Shortly after the 12th minute.